



# Silicon-Perovskite tandem photovoltaic cell with double-side poly-Si/SiO2 passivating contact Si cell



## Technology (TT2021-022)

This invention has multiple novel aspects including a novel dopant-free, low-absorptive hole transport layer, new perovskite material compositions and surface passivation approaches, as well as two novel methods of fabrication of double-side poly-Si/SiO2 passivating contact Si solar cells.

The technology has already demonstrated an efficiency of over 29% in the lab making it one of the leading Si-Perovskite tandem technologies globally.

https://doi.org/10.1126/sciadv.aau9711 https://doi.org/10.1002/aenm.201902840

#### **Potential benefits**

- > High Efficiency: The tandem structure has already demonstrated certified efficiency of over 29% in the lab.
- > Compatibility: The design and methodologies are compatible with existing manufacturing setup of Si solar cell manufacturers focusing on poly-Si designs.

## **Potential applications**

- > Photovoltaic/Solar Cells
- > Renewable Energy

#### **Opportunity**

ANU is exploring opportunities for partnering with Silicon, Perovskite, and Perovskite-Silicon tandem photovoltaic manufacturers to co-develop and license the technology. The inventors are also keen to capitalise on opportunities to develop a spin-out/joint venture based on this technology.

#### **IP status**

The IP is jointly owned between The Australian National University and the University of Melbourne and is subject to a provisional patent filing. Silicon solar cells are fast approaching their theoretical efficiency limit of ~30%. To meet increasing demand for renewable energy, and stay competitive, the solar industry needs to adopt the next generation of photovoltaic cells. The next generation needs to meet three criteria: higher efficiency, low costs, and a long lifespan. Perovskite Silicon tandem photovoltaics offer a promising solution to this challenge. The low cost of Perovskite materials along with their ease of deposition make them a great candidate to be applied on top of Silicon cells to capture more sunlight and increase total efficiency within the same surface area.

Researchers at The Australian National University have developed methods and designs for high performance Si-Perovskite tandem solar cells by pairing double-side-poly-Si/SiO2 passivating contact Si bottom sub-cell and Perovskite top sub-cell.

#### Key research team

- Dr Heping Shen: Research Fellow, School of Engineering, ANU
- Dr Leiping Duan: Research Fellow, School of Engineering, ANU
- > Dr Pheng Phang: Research Fellow, School of Engineering, ANU
- Prof Kylie Catchpole: Perovskite group leader, School of Engineering, ANU
- Dr Di Yan: Research Fellow, Engineering and IT, UniMelb
- > Dr James Bullock: Senior Research Fellow, Engineering and IT, UniMelb

## Contact

Viraj Agnihotri Commercial Development Manager Commercialisation & IP Office of Research and Innovation Services The Australian National University T: +61 2 6125 2176 | E: <u>Viraj.agnihotri@anu.edu.au</u>



Figure 1: a) Schematic of tandem using Si bottom cell with dual-side poly-Si/SiOx passivating contact (p-type poly-Si/SiOx at the front and n-type poly-Si/SiOx at the rear)